Noise Engineering & Aeroacoustics Prof. Soogab Lee (TA: Jonghui Kim) Class 2019\_Spring

## **TERMPROJECT#1 (Due 05/22)**

Obtain a solution for the following 1-D wave equation using the numerical scheme (see attached appendix) and <u>compare to the analytic solution (also, derive the analytic solution)</u>: Draw the graph of 'u' as a function of 'x' with various conditions given at the below. Discuss the results.

Equation:  $\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} = 0$ 

Initial condition:  $u(x) = 0.1 \exp\left(-ln2 \times \left(\frac{x}{5}\right)^2\right)$ 

2. Obtain a solution for the following 3-D wave equation the using numerical scheme (see attached appendix) and <u>compare to the analytic solution (also, derive the analytic solution)</u>: Draw the graph of 'u' as a function of 'r' with various conditions given at the below. Discuss the results.

Equation:  $\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} + \frac{u}{r} + \frac{\partial u}{\partial r} = 0$ , r > 5

Boundary condition: r = 5,  $u = \sin(\omega t)$ , t > 0,  $\omega = 0.25\pi$ 

## Appendix

## **\*** Numerical analysis condition

Calculation area: -50 < x < 200 (problem 1)

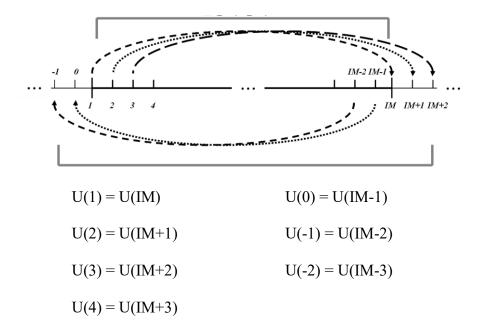
5 < r < 200 (problem 2)

Time to show the results: t = 20s, 40s, 60s, 80s, 100s

Grid size:  $\Delta x$ ,  $\Delta r = 0.5$  /  $\Delta t = 0.05$ 

Boundary condition:

Problem 1: periodic boundary condition



Problem 2:

Inlet B.C (U(0), U(-1), U(-2)) : Use the exact solution at the location and time Outlet B.C (U(IM+1), U(IM+2), U(IM+3)): Use linear interpolation

$$U(IM+1) = 2U(IM) - U(IM-1)$$
$$U(IM+2) = 2U(IM+1) - U(IM)$$
$$U(IM+3) = 2U(IM+2) - U(IM+1)$$

## **※** Numerical scheme

Space differentiation: Dispersion-Relation-Preserving

$$\left(\frac{\partial f}{\partial x}\right)_{l} = \frac{1}{\Delta x} \sum_{j=-3}^{3} a_{j} f(x+j\Delta x); \qquad a_{-j} = -a_{j}$$
$$a_{0} = 0.0$$
$$a_{1} = -a_{-1} = 0.770882380518$$
$$a_{2} = -a_{-2} = -0.166705904415$$
$$a_{3} = -a_{-3} = 0.0208431427703$$

Time differentiation: 4<sup>th</sup> order Optimized Adams-Bashforth method

$$\begin{aligned} k_1 &= f(x_n, t - 3\Delta t) \\ k_2 &= f(x_n, t - 2\Delta t) \\ k_3 &= f(x_n, t - \Delta t) \\ k_4 &= f(x_n, t) \qquad \text{if } t < 0 \quad \text{then } f(t) = 0 \\ y^{n+1} &= y^n + \Delta t \{ B_0 k_4 + B_1 k_3 + B_2 k_2 + B_3 k_1 \} \end{aligned}$$

B0=2.302558088838 B1=-2.491007599848 B2=1.574340933182 B3=-0.385891422172